Analog Input Modules

F4-16AD-1 16-Channel	Analog Current Input	
Number of Channels	16, single ended (one common)	
Input Ranges	0–20 mA, 4–20 mA	
Channels Individually Configurable	No. Each channel can be configured for current or voltage but must be same range.	
Resolution	12 bit (1 to 4,096)	
Active Low-pass Filtering	-3dB at 20Hz, -12 dB per octave	
Input Impedance	250Ω ± 0.1%, 1/2W current input >20MΩ voltage input 1 MΩ minimum	
Absolute Maximum Ratings	-45mA to + 45mA, current input -75V to +75V, voltage input	
Conversion Time	2ms per channel (module conversion)	
Linearity Error (End to End)	± 2 count (0.025% of full scale) max.	
Input Stability	± 1 count	
Full Scale Calibration Error (Offset error not included)	± 12 counts max. @ 20mA current input	
Offset Calibration Error	± 3 counts max., 4mA current input	

See Wiring Solutions for part numbers of ZIPLink cables and connection modules compatible with this I/O module.



PLC Update Rate	1 channel per scan min., 16 per scan, max.		
Digital Input Points Required	16 (X) input points (12 binary data bits, 4 active channel bits)		
Base Power Required 5V	100mA		
Terminal Type (included)	Removable		
External Power Supply	21.6-26.4VDC, 100mA, class2		
Recommended Fuse	0.032 A, Series 217 fast-acting, current inputs		
Operating Temperature	32° to 140°F (0 to 60°C)		
Accuracy vs. Temperature	± 50ppm /°C maximum full scale (including maximum offset change of 2 counts)		
Storage Temperature	-4 to 158°F (-20 to 70° C)		
Relative Humidity	5 to 95% (non-condensing)		
Environmental Air	No corrosive gases permitted		
Vibration	MIL STD 810C 514.2		
Shock	MIL STD 810C 516.2		
Noise Immunity	NEMA ICS3-304		
10			

One count in the specification table is equal to one least significant bit of the analog data value (1 in 4096).

NOTE 1: Shields should be grounded at the signal source.

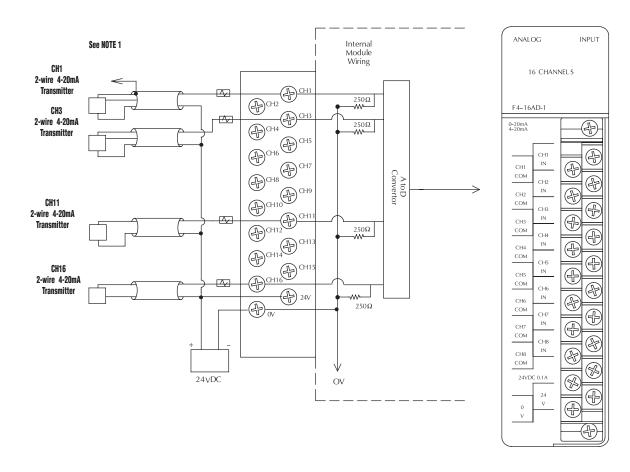
A Series 217, 0.032A, fast-acting fuse is recommended for 4-20 mA current loops.

If the power supply common of an external power supply is not connected to 0VDC on the module, then the output of the external transmitter must be isolated.

To avoid "ground loop" errors, recommended 4-20 mA transmitter types are:

2 or 3 wire: Isolation between input signal and power supply.

Isolation between input signal and power supply.
Isolation between input signal, power supply and 4-20 mA output.



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Check the Power Budget

Verify your power budget requirements

Your I/O configuration choice can be affected by the power requirements of the I/O modules you choose. When determining the types and quantity of I/O modules you will be using, it is important to remember there is a limited amount of power available from the power supply.

The chart on the opposite page indicates the power supplied and used by each DL405 device. The adjacent chart shows an example of how to calculate the power used by your particular system. These two charts should make it easy for you to determine if the devices you have chosen fit within the power budget of your system configuration.

If the I/O you have chosen exceeds the maximum power available from the power supply, you can resolve the problem by shifting some of the modules to an expansion base or remote I/O base (if you are using remote I/O).

Warning: It is extremely important to calculate the power budget correctly. If you exceed the power budget, the system may operate in an unpredictable manner which may result in a risk of personal injury or equipment damage.

Use ZIPLinks to reduce power requirements

If your application requires a lot of relay outputs, consider using the *ZIP*Link AC or DC relay output modules. These modules can switch high current (10A) loads without putting a load on your base power budget. Refer to Wiring System for DL405 PLCs later in this section for more information.

This logo is placed next to I/O modules that are supported by the *ZIP*Link connection systems.

See the I/O module specifications at the end of this section.

Calculating your power usage

The following example shows how to calculate the power budget for the DL405 system. The example is constructed around a single 8-slot base using the devices shown. It is recommended you construct a similar table for each base in your system-

A								
	Base Number O	Device Type	5 VDC (mA)	External 24 VDC Power (mA)				
В	CURRENT SUPPLIED							
	CPU/Expansion Unit /Remote Slave	D4-454 CPU	3700	400				
C	CURRENT REQUIRED							
	SLOT 0	D4-16ND2	+150	+0				
	SLOT 1	D4-16ND2	+150	+0				
	SLOT 2	F4-04DA	+120	+100				
	SLOT 3	D4-08NA	+100	+0				
	SLOT 4	D4-08NA	+100	+0				
	SLOT 5	D4-16TD2	+100	+0				
	SLOT 6	D4-16TD2	+100	+0				
	SLOT 7	D4-16TR	+1000	+0				
D	OTHER							
	BASE	D4-08B-1	+80	+0				
	Handheld Programmer	D4-HPP-1	+320	+0				
E	Maximum Current Required	1	2820	100				
F	Remaining Current Availab	3700-2820=880	400-100=300					

^{1.} Using a chart similar to the one above, fill in column 2.

DL405 CPU power supply specifications and power requirements

Specification	AC Powered Units	24 VDC Powered Units	
Part Numbers	D4-454, D4-EX (expansion base unit), D4-RS (remote slave unit)	D4-454DC-1, D4-EXDC (expansion base unit)	
Voltage Withstand (dielectric)	1 minute @ 1,500 VAC between primary, secondary, field ground, and run relay		
Insulation Resistance	> 10M Ω at 500VDC		
Input Voltage Range	85-132 VAC (110V range) 20-28 VDC (24VDC) 170-264 VAC (220V range) with less than 10% ripp		
Maximum Inrush Current	20A	20A	
Maximum Power	50VA	38W	

^{2.} Using the tables on the opposite page, enter the current supplied and used by each device (columns 3 and 4). Pay special attention to the current supplied by the CPU, Expansion Unit, and Remote Slave since they differ. Devices which fall into the "Other" category (Row D) are devices such as the Base and the Handheld programmer, which also have power requirements, but do not plug directly into the base.

3. Add the current used by the system devices (columns 3 and 4) starting with Slot 0 and put the total in the row labeled "maximum cur-

^{4.} Subtract the row labeled "Maximum current required" (Row E), from the row labeled "Current Supplied" (Row B). Place the difference in the row labeled "Remaining Current Available" (Row F).

5. If "Maximum Current Required" is greater than "Current Supplied" in either column 3 or 4, the power budget will be exceeded. It will be

^{5.} If "Maximum Current Required" is greater than "Current Supplied" in either column 3 or 4, the power budget will be exceeded. It will b unsafe to use this configuration and you will need to restructure your I/O configuration. Note the auxiliary 24VDC power supply does not need to supply all the external power. If you need more than the 400mA supplied, you can add an external 24VDC power supply. This will help keep you within your power budget for external power.

Power Requirements

		Powe	er Supplied		
CPUs/Remote Units/ Expansion Units	5 VDC Current Supplied in mA	24V Aux Power Supplied in mA	CPUs/Remote Units/ Expansion Units	5V Current Supplied in mA	24V Aux Power Supplied in mA
D4-454 CPU D4-454DC-1	3100 3100	400 NONE	D4-EX D4-EXDC D4-RS H4-EBC	4000 4000 3700 3470	400 NONE 400 400
		Power	Consumed		
Power-consuming Device	5V Current Consumed	External 24VDC Current Required	Power-consuming Device	5V Current Consumed	External 24VDC Current Required
I/O Bases			Analog Modules (contin	nued)	
D4-04B-1 D4-06B-1 D4-08B-1	80 80 80	NONE NONE NONE	F4-16AD-1 F4-16AD-2 F4-04DA-1 F4-04DA-2	75 75 70 90	100 100 75+20 per circuit 90
DC Input Modules		·	F4-04DAS-1 F4-08DA-1	60 90	60 per circuit 100+20 per circuit
D4-16ND2 D4-16ND2F D4-32ND3-1 D4-64ND2	150 150 150 300 max.	NONE NONE NONE NONE	F4-08DA-2 F4-16DA-1 F4-16DA-2 F4-08RTD F4-08THM-n F4-08THM	80 90 80 80 120 110	150 100+20 per circuit 25 max. NONE 50 60
			Remote I/O		1
AC Input Modules					
D4-08NA D4-16NA	100 150	NONE NONE	H4-ERM100 H4-ERM-F D4-RM	320(300) 450 300	NONE NONE NONE
AC/DC Input Modules					
D4-16NE3	150	NONE	Communications and N	letworking	
DC Output Modules			H4-EC0M100	300	NONE
D4-16TD1 D4-16TD2	200 400	125 NONE	D4-DCM F4-MAS-MB	500 235	NONE NONE
D4-32TD1 D4-32TD2	250 350	140 120 (4A max	CoProcessors		
D4-64TD1	800	including loads) NONE	F4-CP128-1	305	NONE
AC Output Modules					
D4-08TA D4-16TA	250 450	NONE NONE	Specialty Modules		
Relay Output Modules	5	·	H4-CTRIO	400	NONE
D4-08TR F4-08TRS-1 F4-08TRS-2 D4-16TR	550 575 575 1000	NONE NONE NONE NONE	D4-16SIM F4-4LTC	150 280	NONE 75
Analog Modules			Programming		
			D4-HPP-1 (Handheld Prog.)	320	NONE
F4-04AD			Operator Interface		
F4-04ADS F4-08AD	370 75	120 90	DV-1000	150	NONE
			C-more Micro-Graphic	210	NONE

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Wiring Solutions

Wiring Solutions using the **ZIP**Link Wiring System

ZIPLinks eliminate the normally tedious process of wiring between devices by utilizing prewired cables and DIN rail mount connector modules. It's as simple as plugging in a cable connector at either end or terminating wires at only one end. Prewired cables keep installation clean and efficient, using half the space at a fraction of the cost of standard terminal blocks. There are several wiring solutions available when using the ZIPLink System ranging from PLC I/O-to-ZIPLink Connector Modules that are ready for field termination, options for connecting to third party devices, GS, DuraPulse and SureServo Drives, and specialty relay, transorb and communications modules. Pre-printed I/O-specific adhesive label strips for quick marking of ZIPLink modules are provided with ZIPLink cables. See the following solutions to help determine the best *ZIP*Link system for your application.

Solution 1: DirectLOGIC I/O Modules to ZIPLink **Connector Modules**

When looking for quick and easy I/O-to-field termination, a ZIPLink connector module used in conjunction with a prewired **ZIP**Link cable, consisting of an I/O terminal block at one end and a multi-pin connector at the other end, is the best solution.

Using the PLC I/O Modules to ZIPLink Connector Modules selector tables located in this section,

- 1. Locate your I/O module/PLC.
- 2. Select a ZIPLink Module.
- 3. Select a corresponding ZIPLink Cable.



Solution 2: DirectLOGICI/O Modules to 3rd Party **Devices**

When wanting to connect I/O to another device within close proximity of the I/O modules, no extra terminal blocks are necessary when using the ZIPLink Pigtail Cables. ZIPLink Pigtail Cables are prewired to an I/O terminal block with color-coded pigtail with soldered-tip wires on the other end.

Using the I/O Modules to 3rd Party Devices selector tables located in this section,

- 1. Locate your PLC I/O module.
- 2. Select a ZIPLink Pigtail Cable that is compatible with your 3rd party device.



Solution 3: GS Series and DuraPulse Drives **Communication Cables**

Need to communicate via Modbus RTU to a drive or a network of drives?

ZIPLink cables are available in a wide range of configurations for connecting to PLCs and SureServo, SureStep, Stellar Soft Starter and AC drives. Add a ZIPLink communications module to quickly and easily set up a multi-device network.

Using the Drives Communication selector tables located in this section,

- 1. Locate your Drive and type of communications.
- 2. Select a ZIPLink cable and other associated hardware.





Wiring Solutions

Solution 4: Serial Communications Cables

ZIPLink offers communications cables for use with *Direct*LOGIC, CLICK, and Productivity3000 CPUs, that can also be used with other communications devices. Connections include a 6-pin RJ12 or 9-pin, 15-pin and 25-pin D-sub connectors which can be used in conjunction with the RJ12 or D-Sub Feedthrough modules.

Using the Serial Communications Cables selector table located in this section,

- 1. Locate your connector type
- 2. Select a cable.



Solution 5: Specialty ZIPLink Modules

For additional application solutions, *ZIP*Link modules are available in a variety of configurations including stand-alone relays, 24VDC and 120VAC transorb modules, D-sub, RJ12 and RJ45 feedthrough modules, communication port adapter and distribution modules, and *SureServo* 50-pin I/O interface connection.

Using the *ZIPLink* Specialty Modules selector table located in this section,

- 1. Locate the type of application.
- 2. Select a ZIPLink module.



Solution 6: *ZIP*Link Connector Modules to 3rd Party Devices

If you need a way to connect your device to terminal blocks without all that wiring time, then our pigtail cables with color-coded soldered-tip wires are a good solution. Used in conjunction with any compatible *ZIP*Link Connector Modules, a pigtail cable keeps wiring clean and easy and reduces troubleshooting time.

Using the Universal Connector Modules and Pigtail Cables table located in this section,

- 1. Select module type.
- 2. Select the number of pins.
- 3. Select cable.



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PLC I/O Modules to ZIPLink **Connector Modules - DL405**

DL405 PLC Input Module <i>ZIP</i> Link Selector				
PLC	<i>ZIP</i> Link			
Input Module	# of Terms	Component	Module Part No.	Cable Part No.
D4-16ND2	00	See Note 3		
D4-16ND2F	20			
D4-32ND3-1 ²		Feedthrough	ZL-RTB40 (-1)	straight conn:
D4-32ND3-1		Sensor	ZL-LTB32-24-1	ZL-D24-CBL40 ZL-D24-CBL40-1
D4-32ND3-2 ²	40	Feedthrough	ZL-RTB40 (-1)	ZL-D24-CBL40-2
D4-32ND3-2	40	Sensor	ZL-LTB32-24-1	45 deg conn:
D4-64ND2 ^{1,2}		Feedthrough	ZL-RTB40 (-1)	ZL-DŽ4-CBL40-X ZL-D24-CBL40-1X
D4-64ND2		Sensor	ZL-LTB32-24-1	ZL-D24-CBL40-2X
D4-08NA	11			
D4-16NA		See Note 3		
D4-16NA-1	20			
D4-16NE3				

DL405 PLC Analog Module <i>ZIP</i> Link Selector				
PLC	<i>ZIP</i> Link			
Analog Module	# of Terms	Component	Module	Cable
F4-04AD				
F4-04ADS				
F4-08AD				
F4-16AD-1	1			
F4-16AD-2				
F4-04DA-1	00			
F4-04DA-2	20			
F4-08DA-1			See Note 3	
F4-16DA-1				
F4-08DA-2				
F4-16DA-2	1			
F4-04DAS-1	1			
F4-08THM	T/C Wire			
F4-08THM-n	Only			
F4-08RTD	Matched Only			

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- 1	-
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NOTE: ZIPLINK CONNECTOR MODULE SPECIFICATIONS FOLLOW THE COMPATIBILITY MATRIX TABLES IN THE ZIPLINK SECTION.

DL405 PLC Output Module <i>ZIP</i> Link Selector					
PLC	<i>ZIP</i> Link				
Output Module	# of Terms	Component	Module Part No.	Cable Part No.	
D4-08TD1	11				
D4-16TD1	20	See Note 3			
D4-16TD2	20				
D4-32TD1 ²		Feedthrough Fuse	Feedthrough	straight conn: ZL-D24-CBL40 ZL-D24-CBL40-1	
D4-32TD2 ²	40	Feedthrough Fuse	Feedthrough ZL-RTB40 (-1) Fused 4	ZL-D24-CBL40-2 45 deg conn:	
D4-64TD1 ^{1,2}		Feedthrough Fuse	ZL-RFU40 ⁴	ZL-D24-CBL40-X ZL-D24-CBL40-1X ZL-D24-CBL40-2X	
D4-08TA	11				
D4-16TA	20				
D4-08TR	11		See Note 3		
F4-08TRS-1					
F4-08TRS-2	20				
D4-16TR	20				

Tables Footnotes:

- 1 The D4-64ND2 and D4-64TD1 modules have two 32-point connectors and require two ZIPLink cables and two ZIPLink connector modules.
- 2 To make a custom cable for the 32 or 64-point modules, use: Ribbon-style Connector ZL-D24-CON-R, Solder-style 180° connector ZL-D24-CON or Solderstyle 45° connector ZL-D24-CON-X
- ${\it 3}$ These modules are not supported by the ZIPLink wiring system.
- 4 Note: Fuses (5 x 20 mm) are not included. See Edison Electronic Fuse section for (5 x 20 mm) fuse. S500 and GMA electronic circuit protection for fast-acting maximum protection. S506 and GMC electronic circuit protection for timedelay performance. Ideal for inductive circuits. To ensure proper operation, do not exceed the voltage and current rating of ZIPLink module. ZL-RFU20 = 2A per circuit; ZL-RFU40 = 400 mA per circuit.

